

**ANIMAS RESOURCES LTD.
(formerly Deal Capital Ltd.)
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008**

Background

This management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of financial position and results of operations is prepared as at May 20, 2008 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the related notes for the period ended March 31, 2008 and the audited consolidated financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2007, where necessary. Those consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. All dollar figures included therein and in the following MD&A are quoted in Canadian dollars. Additional information relevant to the Company's activities can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Company Overview

Animas Resources Ltd. (formerly Deal Capital Ltd.) (the "Company") was a capital pool company ("CPC") under the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") and its stock was listed and began trading on the Exchange on December 14, 2006 under the symbol "DCP.P".

On July 13, 2007, the Company received the final approval from the Exchange for its Qualifying Transaction ("QT") to acquire 100% interest of First Silver Reserve, S.A. de C.V. ("First Silver") and Recursos Escondidos, S.A. de C.V. ("Recursos") from MetalQuest Minerals Inc. ("MQ") and 100% interest of Compania Minera Chuqui, S.A. de C.V. ("Chuqui") from Sonora Copper LLC ("SCLLC"), private placements of \$6.2 million and the name change. The Company began trading under its current name and trading symbol "ANI.V" as of July 16, 2007.

First Silver, Recursos and Chuqui collectively own a significant portion of Santa Gertrudis gold deposit in Mexico.

The Santa Gertrudis Property ("SG Property")

The SG Property is part of the Santa Teresa Mining District in the Cucurpe Municipality of the northern Mexican state of Sonora. It is located 180 km north of Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico, was discovered by Phelps Dodge Mining Company ("PD") in 1986, and advanced to open pit heap leach production in 1991. From May 1991 to October 2000, the SG Property produced 564,000 ounces of gold at an average grade of 2.13 grams per tonne [References: NI43-101 report by R.R. Kern and R.A. Sibthorpe dated June 5, 2007 and NI43-101 report by C. Stewart Wallis dated May 15, 2007]. PD sold their portion of the SG Property to Campbell Resources Inc. ("Campbell") in 1994 for US\$10 million. Campbell ceased mining and processing activity due to low gold prices during the late 1990's and settled some outstanding debts by assigning several core area concessions, including the un-mined Cristina deposit, to Lopez-Limon. The Company has re-consolidated these concessions, which allows for a district-wide exploration program. Other mineral properties that are part of the SG Property package include the relatively high-grade Amelia Mine and recently staked ground to the west, northwest and southeast of the SG Property's historic workings. The Amelia Mine had historically produced over 1 million tonnes at 2.88g Au/tonne [Reference: NI43-101 report by C. Stewart Wallis dated May 15, 2007].

The Company re-consolidated the Santa Teresa District's SG Property and prospects within a 447.14 square kilometre land holding by owning the concessions directly, or earn-in options. In addition, in January 2008, the Company staked an additional 5,000 hectares to the northwest of the Santa Teresa mining district which hosts the SG Property.

Remaining historic resources for the SG Property as recorded by Campbell when production ceased in 2000 are non-NI 43-101 compliant and include 8.1 million tonnes averaging 0.94 g Au/tonne on the Lopez-Limon concessions, and 5.9 million tonnes averaging 1.71 g Au/tonne on First Silver's and Recursos's concessions. These historic resources should not be relied upon as the estimates are not current and do not meet CIM definition standards but are reported here for historical purposes only. The Company's early goal is to test these historic resources to establish NI 43-101 compliant resources.

In addition to verifying near-surface oxide mineralization, the Company's exploration team will aggressively define the economic potential in the SG Property's numerous known sulfide zones, which were ignored during the open pit, heap leach operations of 1991 – 2000, as well as investigating potential deep feeder structures of Carlin-like mineralization on newly staked ground forming part of the SG Property. There is excellent potential for additional shallow gold deposits both adjacent to known oxide gold occurrences and under shallow gravel cover.

The Company has recovered from old archives over 1,300 drill hole reports complete with assays and geology, a wide range of geophysical data including IP, airborne EM, radiometrics, magnetics, and Aster imaging, an impressive inventory of Auto Cad drawings, and a wealth of Datamine files. This large amount of data is very useful in identifying the drill targets which are being prepared for the next level of potential resource estimations.

Through its Mexican company Chuqui, the Company has also secured all the necessary surface access agreements from the local community and ranchers, permitting the Company to complete geologic and geophysical surveys throughout the district.

On October 10, 2007, the Company engaged Major Drilling of Mexico to commence a 10,000 meter drilling campaign beginning in mid-2008 to test the extensions of near-surface known-mineralization, higher-ranked near-surface targets under gravel cover, targets identified by the in-depth review of existing data sets and focused geophysical surveys, and targets developed between known resource occurrences. Major Drilling of Mexico is a subsidiary of Major Drilling Group International.

The Company hired Dr. Roger C. Steininger to be the Company's qualified person. Dr. Steininger has more than 40 years of experience in metals exploration, development and production geology. Technical information in this MD&A has been reviewed by Dr. Steininger.

In December 2007, the Company identified six high-quality areas within the main SG Property for drill testing by consolidating several past operators' data into a modern GIS data base system and through extensive field work. In January 2008, a Geophysical Special Projects (GSP) group was formed to assist with the current exploration program at the SG Property, focusing on analysis of the extensive geophysical database acquired from the previous operations in the Santa Gertrudis area and to begin new, target-specific, ground geophysical operations to assist the geological team with further drill target delineation.

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The Company has completed the conversion of a majority of the voluminous data sets from past mining operations at Santa Gertrudis, and transferred the recovered data in digital format to Mine Development Associates (MDA) of Reno, Nevada. MDA will continue their data verification and continue resource estimates as part of a new NI 43-101 compliant report the Company plans as it adds new information through drilling scheduled for the second quarter of 2008. The Company expects to receive the first draft of NI43-101 report in the third quarter of 2008.

On May 8, 2008, the Company provided an update on project development activities in the Santa Teresa mining district, indicating that it completed the phase one targeting work leading to the first phase of drilling. A phase one 10,000 meter drilling program will begin in June with a drill that has the capability of reverse circulating drilling and core drilling. The QA / QC program is in place and the Company is in the process of making its own local assay standards derived from Santa Gertrudis materials.

As part of the acquisition of Chuqui, the Company has an option agreement with Lopez-Limon to purchase 10 mineral claims in the SG Property for a total of US\$2,000,000 over the next four years. US\$125,000 has been paid as at March 31, 2008.

On July 24, 2007, the Company signed an option agreement to purchase three additional mineral claims in the SG Property by paying US\$350,000 in cash and US\$600,000 in common shares of the Company over the next 5 years. US\$25,000 was paid in cash and US\$20,000 was issued in common shares as at March 31, 2008.

On August 13, 2007, the Company also signed an option agreement to purchase two additional mineral claims in the SG Property by paying US\$220,000 over the next 5 years. US\$20,000 was paid in cash as at March 31, 2008.

MQ, the vendor of First Silver and Recursos, had granted an option to Minera Teck Cominco, S.A. de C.V. ("MTC") whereby MTC could earn up to a 70% interest in certain mineral claims contiguous to the SG Property known as the San Enrique and Greta properties. Under the terms of the QT, the Company has a right of first refusal option to purchase San Enrique and Greta properties from MQ. On November 27, 2007, the Company signed a letter of intent to acquire the San Enrique and Greta properties, subject to applicable due diligence. On March 11, 2008, the Company exercised its option and acquired San Enrique and Greta properties for US\$450,000 by issuing 307,429 common shares at a value of \$1.44 per share.

As a covenant with and lien on the SG Property, when the SG Property goes into production, the Company was subject to certain Net Smelter Royalty arrangements ranging from 1% to 2% and royalties of US\$0.10 per ton until a maximum of US\$2,000,000 is reached. The Company purchased all of these Net Smelter Royalty arrangements by paying \$87,500 cash in 2007 and issuing 50,000 common shares at value of \$1.25 per share on January 10, 2008. As a result, no royalties will be paid on any portion of the currently controlled SG Property upon production.

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As of March 31, 2008 the Company had incurred total cumulative expenditures of \$7,574,411 for acquisition and exploration of the SG Property.

	March 31 2008	December 31 2007
Acquisition costs	\$ 5,407,041	\$ 5,407,041 ⁽¹⁾
Annual mining taxes	179,136	63,740
Camp and general	172,467	72,236
Environmental costs	2,409	2,409
Field costs	1,622	806
Foreign value added tax credit	180,392	147,848
Geology	146,724	52,874
Geophysical	264,099	95,058
Metallurgical consulting	5,646	-
Net Smelter Royalty payment	150,000	87,500
Office and administrative	124,299	117,538
Option payments	651,199	208,501
Resources calculation	27,332	8,223
Travel	73,029	33,738
Wages	189,016	110,954
	<u>\$ 7,574,411</u>	<u>\$ 6,408,466</u>

(1) This includes costs allocated on completion of the QT of \$5,159,649 and expenses directly related to the transaction of \$247,392.

The Bacanuchi Property

The Company entered into a letter of intent dated June 18, 2007, with the owner of the Bacanuchi property to acquire this property in consideration of issuing 400,000 common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.50 per share. \$10,000 was advanced to the property owner for mining taxes. The definitive purchase and sale agreement was completed in 2008 and the title has been registered with the authorities in Mexico. The Exchange approved this transaction on July 12, 2007 and the shares were issued on April 11, 2008.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company had incurred a total of \$37,007 for acquisition and exploration of the Bacanuchi property.

	March 31 2008	December 31 2007
Mining property payments	\$ 13,387	\$ 13,387
Office and administrative	1,385	-
Option payments	10,673	10,673
Staking	11,562	-
	<u>\$ 37,007</u>	<u>\$ 24,060</u>

Selected Financial Information

	Five months ended December 31, 2007	Year ended July 31, 2007	From incorporation on June 29, 2006 to July 31, 2006
	\$	\$	\$
Total revenues	-	-	-
General and administrative expenses	278,438	204,591	1,870
Loss for the period	(109,613)	(182,488)	(1,870)
Loss per share	(0.01)	(0.06)	(0.00)
Total assets	13,578,626	10,899,729	100,084
Total long-term financial liabilities	982,000	1,059,100	-
Cash dividends declared – per share	N/A	N/A	N/A

Summary of Quarterly Results

Since the Company was incorporated on June 29, 2006, the Company has not had eight prior quarters, and thus presents selected financial indicators for the past seven periods and for the period from incorporation on June 29, 2006 to July 31, 2006.

	Mar 31, 2008 Quarter	Two months ended Dec 31, 2007	Oct 31, 2007 Quarter	Jul 31, 2007 Quarter	Apr 30, 2007 Quarter	Jan 31, 2007 Quarter	Oct 31, 2006 Quarter	From incorporation June 29, 2006 to July 31, 2006
Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net (loss)	(440,377)	(35,774)	(73,839)	(104,992)	(19,062)	(48,797)	(9,637)	(1,870)
(Loss) per Share	(0.02)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.01)	(0.00)

Results of Operations

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to the three months ended April 30, 2007

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company incurred losses of \$440,377 (\$0.02 loss per share) compared to a net loss of \$19,062 (\$0.01 loss per share) for the three months ended April 30, 2007.

During the three months ended April 30, 2007, the Company was still actively looking to complete its QT. As a result, the Company kept its general and administrative expenses to a minimum - \$19,062, with the majority of the expenses being spent on filing fees and office expenses.

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company incurred \$443,302 in general and administrative expenses. Since the completion of QT in early July 2007, the Company has been very active in its operations, including having offices in Vancouver and Hermosillo, Mexico. As

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a result, during the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company incurred office expense of \$42,557, professional fees of \$55,322, transfer agent fees of \$9,290, management and consulting fees of \$8,912 and other day-to-day operating expenses. The Company also had non-cash stock-based compensation of \$246,109 for options vested during the period.

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company also spent a total of \$51,672 in corporate development and shareholders communication, updating the shareholders and potential investors on the activities of the Company. The Company is committed to pay certain amounts for corporate development work until July 5, 2009 – see "Cash Flows, Liquidity and Capital Resources" section.

The Company had interest income of \$38,675 during the three months ended March 31, 2008 by investing funds from private placements in guaranteed income certificates issued by a Canadian chartered bank. The Company also had a foreign exchange loss of \$35,750, the majority of which related to the valuation of amounts owed to MQ as of March 31, 2008.

Cash Flows, Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's working capital as at March 31, 2008 was \$7,182,309 (December 31, 2007 - \$6,543,518). Cash totaled \$7,511,849 as at March 31, 2008, an increase of \$882,641 from \$6,629,208 as at December 31, 2007. The increase was a result of \$1,226,930 proceeds received from the exercise of agent's and finder's options, stock options and warrants, and \$230,089 from its operating activities, including changes in working capital. This increase in cash was offset by \$557,137 spent on the SG Property and \$17,241 used to purchase equipment.

As part of the acquisition of First Silver and Recursos, the Company is required to make three additional payments of US\$500,000 each, in cash or common shares, at the option of the Company, on the first, second and third anniversary dates. On March 27, 2008, the Company exercised its right to make the first anniversary payment of US\$500,00 due to MQ in shares and issued 153,295 common shares valued at \$1.66 per share to MQ for 50% of the current portion due. The remaining US\$250,000 will be paid on July 5, 2008, in cash or common shares at the Company's discretion.

The Company is committed to pay US\$15,000 each quarter to a private company for corporate development work for 12 months from July 6, 2007 to July 5, 2008 and thereafter, US\$500 per month from July 6, 2008 to July 5, 2009.

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has no other outstanding commitments. The Company has not pledged any of its assets as security for loans, or otherwise and is not subject to any debt covenants. The Company has sufficient working capital at this time to meet its ongoing financial obligations for the next 12 months.

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The following is a comparison of the actual expenditures made since the completion of the QT in early July 2007 to the planned expenditures outlined in the filing statement dated May 30, 2007.

	Estimated at the time of QT	Actual for 1 month ending Jul 31, 2007	Actual for 5 months ending Dec 31, 2007	Actual for 3 months ending Mar 31, 2008	Actual-to-date ending Mar 31, 2008
Costs to complete the QT and the private placements ¹	\$ 620,000	\$ 298,804	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 298,804
Acquisition and exploration on the SG Property ²	3,688,680	861,088	704,735	1,165,945	2,731,768
General and administrative expenses ³	497,600	84,130	278,438	196,028	558,596
Additional acquisitions ⁴	250,000	24,060	-	12,947	37,007
Payment due pursuant to the SG Property acquisition ⁵	590,000	-	-	254,700	254,700
Unallocated	824,720	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 6,471,000	\$1,268,082	\$ 983,173	\$ 1,629,620	\$ 3,880,875

Notes:

1. The costs in the filing statement included the commissions paid to the agent. \$227,500 agent's fee was paid in common shares and agent's warrants instead of cash.
2. Acquisition costs of the SG Property in the filing statement included US\$650,000 payment to MQ (\$712,245 was paid upon the closing of the QT) and option payments to Lopez-Limon for US\$50,000 (\$53,097 was paid in July 2007), US\$75,000 (\$79,650 was paid in December 2007) and US\$75,000 by June 1, 2008.

During the five months ended December 31, 2007, the Company:

- entered into two option agreements to purchase several mineral claims in the SG Property by paying \$47,790 in cash and issuing \$20,000 in common shares. More option payments will be made in cash and in common shares during the next five years totaling US\$1,105,000.
- Purchased all the net smelter royalties by paying \$87,500 cash. Subsequently, 50,000 common shares were issued at a value of \$1.25 per share.
- completed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceed of \$2,500,000. The proceeds are to be used for acquisition payments, general corporate purposes and drilling at the SG Property.

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company:

- purchased the San Enrique / Greta properties by issuing 307,429 common shares at \$1.44 per share.
 - Issued 50,000 common shares at a value of \$1.25 per share to purchase the net smelter royalties.
3. The general and administrative expenses in the filing statement are for a 12-month period. The actual amounts are cash-based expenses. During the nine-month period ending March 31, 2008, the general and administrative expenses exceeded the filing statement's estimate as a result of more negotiations had taken place during the period for acquiring the San Enrique / Greta properties as well as purchasing the net smelter royalties. With the ongoing operation, the Company expects to continue with the existing level of general and administrative expenses for the future periods.
 4. The Company incurred \$24,060 for the acquisition of Bacanuchi property during the 1 month ended July 31, 2007 and added an additional \$12,947 for staking and office expenses during the 3 months ended March 31, 2008. See point 2 above regarding other acquisitions.
 5. US\$500,000 is due to MQ by July 2008. The Company exercised its rights to make the first anniversary payment in shares and issued 153,295 common shares at \$1.66 per share to MQ in March 2008 for 50% of the portion due. The remaining US\$250,000 will be paid on July 5, 2008, in cash or common shares at the Company's discretion.

Outstanding Share Data

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value. As at March 31, 2008, the Company's share capital was \$14,272,910 (December 31, 2007 - \$12,252,817) representing 26,228,622 common shares issued and outstanding (December 31, 2007 – 24,343,507 common shares).

1,000,000 shares were placed in escrow in accordance with the escrow agreement dated October 20, 2006; 1,500,000 shares were placed in escrow in accordance with escrow agreements dated July 5, 2007; and 2,540,850 shares were placed in escrow in accordance with escrow agreements dated July 5, 2007. Under all three escrow agreements, 10% of the escrowed common shares will be released from escrow on the issuance of the Final Exchange Bulletin and an additional 15% will be released on the dates 6 months, 12 months, 18 months, 24 months, 30 months and 36 months following the initial release. 1,260,213 shares have been released as of March 31, 2008, leaving a balance of 3,780,637 shares held in escrow.

379,000 shares were placed in escrow in accordance with an escrow agreement dated July 5, 2007. Under this escrow agreement, 49% of these escrowed common shares will be released from escrow on the issuance of the Final Exchange Bulletin and an additional 17% will be released on the dates 12 months, 24 months and 36 months following the initial release. 185,710 shares have been released as of March 31, 2008, leaving a balance of 193,290 shares held in escrow.

The total number of shares held in escrow at March 31, 2008 was 3,973,927.

The Company has established a stock option plan for its directors, officers and consultants under which the Company may grant options to acquire a maximum number of common shares equal to 10% of the total issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. During the three months ended March 31, 2008, 75,000 options were granted to a consultant to assist the Company in filing its form 20-F with the SEC at an exercise price of \$1.60 per share, expiring on January 15, 2013. 2,500 options at \$0.50 per share were exercised. A fair value of \$475 was recognized on those exercised options. As at March 31, 2008, the Company had a total of 1,777,500 options outstanding, with exercise prices ranging from \$0.20 to \$1.60, expiring between December 14, 2011 and January 15, 2013.

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, 1,371,891 warrants were exercised at prices ranging from \$0.55 to \$1.00. As at March 31, 2008, the Company had 1,250,000 warrants at \$1.50 with an expiry date of June 21, 2009, 1,763 warrants at \$0.55 with an expiry date of July 5, 2009 and 5,216,078 warrants at \$1.00 with an expiry date of July 5, 2009 outstanding. Subsequently, 30,000 warrants at \$1.00 were exercised.

The Company has established a management performance bonus plan ("Bonus Plan") to reserve 2 million common shares ("Bonus Shares") for future issuance to certain recipients of the Bonus Plan, contingent upon the earlier of (a) the completion of a NI 43-101 compliant geological resource report that identifies a measured, indicated and inferred mineral resource totaling collectively greater than 2.7 million gold equivalent ounces, subject to various conditions, the first 1 million of which will be issued upon the expansion of the gold equivalent resource to 1.7 million ounces; (b) the day an independent arms length third party completes a takeover bid, or otherwise acquires, over 70% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company; and (c) the day the SG Property is sold by the Company to an independent third party, 2,000,000 Bonus Shares or, to the extent that any Bonus Shares have been issued pursuant to (a) above, such lesser number of Bonus Shares that the total of all Bonus Shares issued to the recipients does not exceed 2,000,000. These Bonus Shares are subject to a pooling agreement which releases the Bonus Shares over a one-year period.

As of the date of this MD&A, there were 26,658,622 common shares issued and outstanding and 36,868,963 common shares outstanding on a diluted basis.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Related Party Transactions

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company:

- a) incurred an expense of \$1,500 (three months ended April 30, 2007 - \$Nil) for rent to a private company controlled by a director of the Company.
- b) incurred an expense of \$34,500 (three months ended April 30, 2007 - \$Nil) for management and accounting services to a private company controlled by a director of the Company.

As at March 31, 2008, a total of \$18,343 (December 31, 2007 - \$16,718) was owed to a director, an officer and a private company controlled by a director of the Company for expense reimbursements and fees.

Change in Accounting Policy

On January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the following provisions of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook Sections. There was no material impact on the Company's financial condition or operating results as a result of the adoption of these new standards:

- (a) Section 3862 – Financial Instruments – Disclosures, which replaces Section 3861 and provides expanded disclosure requirements that provide additional detail by financial asset and liability categories.
- (b) Section 3863 – Financial Instruments – Presentation, to enhance financial statement users' understanding of the significance of financial instruments to an entity's financial position, performance and cash flows.
- (c) Section 1535 – Capital Disclosures, which establishes standards for disclosing information about an entity's capital and how it is managed. Under this standard, the Company will be required to disclose the following:
 - qualitative information about its objectives, policies and processes for managing capital;
 - summary quantitative data about what it manages as capital;
 - whether during the period it complied with any externally imposed capital requirement to which it is subject; and
 - when the Company has not complied with such externally imposed capital requirements, the consequences of such non-compliance.
- (d) Section 1400 – General Standards of Financial Statement Presentation, to include requirements for management to assess and disclose an entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Risk Factors

The Company is engaged in the exploration for mineral deposits. These activities involve significant risks which even with careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not, in some cases, be eliminated. The Company's success depends on a number of factors, many of which are beyond its control. The primary risk factors affecting the Company include inherent risks in the mining industry, metal price fluctuations and operating in foreign countries and currencies.

Inherent risks within the mining industry

The commercial viability of any mineral deposit depends on many factors, not all of which are within the control of management. Some of the factors that will affect the financial viability of a given mineral deposit include its size, grade and proximity to infrastructure. Government

regulation, taxes, royalties, land tenure and use, environmental protection and reclamation and closure obligations could also have a profound impact on the economic viability of a mineral deposit.

Mining activities also involve risks such as unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions, floods, fires, earthquakes, other natural or environmental occurrences and political and social instability. It is not always possible to obtain insurance against all such risks and the Company may decide not to insure against certain risks as a result of high premiums or for other reasons. The Company does not currently maintain insurance against political or environmental risks. Should any uninsured liabilities arise, they could result in increased costs, reductions in profitability, and a decline in the value of the Company's securities.

There is no assurance at this time that the Company's current mineral properties will be economically viable for development and production.

Prices for gold and other commodities

Metals prices are subject to volatile price fluctuations and have a direct impact on the commercial viability of the Company's exploration properties. Price volatility results from a variety of factors, including global consumption and demand for metals, international economic and political trends, fluctuations in the US dollar and other currencies, interest rates, and inflation.

Foreign currency risks

The Company uses the Canadian dollar as its measurement and reporting currency, and therefore fluctuations in exchange rates between the Canadian dollar and other currencies may affect the results of operations and financial position of the Company. The Company does not currently have any foreign currency or commercial risk hedges in place.

The Company raises the majority of its equity financings in Canadian dollars while foreign operations are predominately conducted in Mexican pesos and US dollars. Fluctuations in the exchange rates between the Canadian dollar, US dollar and Mexican pesos may impact the Company's financial condition.

Risks Associated with Foreign Operations

The Company's investments in foreign countries such as Mexico carry certain risks associated with different political, business, social and economic environments. The Company is currently evaluating gold and/or other commodities in Mexico, but will undertake new investments only when it is satisfied that the risks and uncertainties of operating in different cultural, economic and political environments are manageable and reasonable relative to the expected benefits.

Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyance and regulatory characteristics of property rights in certain foreign countries.

Future government, political, legal or regulatory changes in the foreign jurisdictions in which the Company currently operates or plans to operate could affect many aspects of the Company's business, including title to properties and assets, environmental protection requirements, labor relations, taxation, currency convertibility, repatriation of profits or capital, the ability to import necessary materials or services, or the ability to export produced materials.

Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting ("ICFR")

No changes occurred in the current period of the Company's ICFR that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's ICFR.

Forward Looking Statements

Except for statements of historical fact, certain information contained herein constitutes forward-looking statements. Forward looking statements are usually identified by our use of certain terminology, including "will", "believes", "may", "expects", "should", "seeks", "anticipates" or "intends" or by discussions of strategy or intentions. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results or achievements to be materially different from any future results or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts, and include but are not limited to, estimates and their underlying assumptions; statements regarding plans, objectives and expectations with respect to the effectiveness of the Company's business model; future operations, products and services; the impact of regulatory initiatives on the Company's operations; the size of and opportunities related to the markets for the Company's products; general industry and macroeconomic growth rates; expectations related to possible joint and/or strategic ventures and statements regarding future performance.

Forward-looking statements used in this discussion are subject to various risks and uncertainties, most of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the control of the Company. If risks or uncertainties materialize, or if underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those expected, estimated or projected. Forward-looking statements in this document are not a prediction of future events or circumstances, and those future events or circumstances may not occur. Given these uncertainties, users of the information included herein, including investors and prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.